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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO	
10/573,288	03/23/2006	Jordi Tormo i Blasco	50000156PUS1	9407	
2292	7590 11/29/2006		EXAM	EXAMINER	
BIRCH STE PO BOX 747	WART KOLASCH &	QAZI, SABIHA NAIM			
FALLS CHURCH, VA 22040-0747			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			1616		

DATE MAILED: 11/29/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Comments		10/573,288	BLASCO ET AL.				
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
•		Sabiha Qazi	1616				
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication or Reply	n appears on the cover sheet	with the correspondence ac	ddress			
WHIC - Exte after - If NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR R CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILIN nsions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 Ci SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communicatic) period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory p tre to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by reply received by the Office later than three months after the ed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	IG DATE OF THIS COMMUN FR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may on. beriod will apply and will expire SIX (6) Mo statute, cause the application to become	IICATION. a reply be timely filed ONTHS from the mailing date of this of ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status							
1)[\]	Responsive to communication(s) filed on						
		This action is non-final.					
′=	3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the						
-,	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Dispositi	on of Claims						
_	Claim(s) <u>1-20</u> is/are pending in the applica	ation					
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
	Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
•	Claim(s) <u>1-20</u> is/are rejected.						
	Claim(s) are subject to restriction a	nd/or election requirement					
		na/o/ o/oodion roquiromoni.	•				
	on Papers						
	The specification is objected to by the Exam						
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.							
	Applicant may not request that any objection to						
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the co			• •			
11)	The oath or declaration is objected to by th	e Examiner. Note the attache	ed Office Action or form P1	ΓO-152.			
Priority u	nder 35 U.S.C. § 119						
	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for for ☑ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:	eign priority under 35 U.S.C.	§ 119(a)-(d) or (f).				
	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the		n received in this National	Stage			
	application from the International Bu						
* \$	ee the attached detailed Office action for a	list of the certified copies no	t received.				
Attachment	• •						
1) X Notice	e of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview	Summary (PTO-413)				
∠) ∐ Notice 3) ⊠ Inform	e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948 nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)		(s)/Mail Date Informal Patent Application				
	No(s)/Mail Date	6) Other:					

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Non-Final Office Action

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Claims 1-20 are pending. No claim is allowed at this time.

Summary of this Office Action

- 1. Information Disclosure Statement
- 2. Copending Applications
- 3. Specification
- 4. 35 USC § 102(b) Rejection
- 5. 35 USC § 103(a) Rejection
- 6. Communication

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Information Disclosure Statement

The listing of references in the specification is not a proper information

disclosure statement. 37 CFR 1.98(b) requires a list of all patents,

publications, or other information submitted for consideration by the Office,

and MPEP § 609.04(a) states, "the list may not be incorporated into the

specification but must be submitted in a separate paper." Therefore, unless

the references have been cited by the examiner on form PTO-892, they have not

been considered.

Copending Applications

Applicants must bring to the attention of the examiner, or other Office

official involved with the examination of a particular application, information

within their knowledge as to other copending United States applications, which

are "material to patentability" of the application in question. MPEP 2001.06(b).

See Dayco Products Inc. v. Total Containment Inc., 66 USPQ2d 1801 (CA FC

2003).

Specification

The specification has not been checked to the extent necessary to

determine the presence of all possible minor errors. Applicant's cooperation is

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requested in correcting any errors of which applicant may become aware in the specification.

35 USC § 102(b) Rejection

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by COTTER et al, EP 988,790. See abstract and claims. The reference discloses synergistic fungicidal combination of azolopyrimidines and quinoxyfen, which has been presently claimed.

See example 15 where fungicidal mixture of azolopyrimidine and quinoxyfen against *Puccinia recondite* on wheat is disclosed. The mixture shows synergistic results. The data disclosed in Table XV on page 16 are the observed and expected efficacy with different rates.

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See example 16 where fungicidal mixture of azolopyrimidine and quinoxyfen against *Blumeria graminis* on wheat is disclosed. The mixture shows synergistic results. The data disclosed in Table XVI on page 17 are the observed and expected efficacy with different rates.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:
 - 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
 - 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
 - 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
 - 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.
- 3. This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that

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the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

Claims 1-20 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over COTTER et al., EP 988,790. The reference teaches synergistic fungicidal mixtures of triazollpyrimidine and quinoxifen which embraces Applicant's claimed invention. See the entire document especially abstract, examples 15 and 16, and claims.

Instant claims differ from the reference in one specific combination.

It had been decided by Courts that the indiscriminate selection of "some" from among "many" is considered prima facie obvious. <u>In re Lemin</u>, 141 USPQ 814 (1964); <u>National Distillers and Chem. Corp. V. Brenner</u>, 156 USPQ 163.

The instant claimed compounds would have been obvious because one skilled in the art would have been motivated to prepare a synergistically effective fungicidal mixture of triazolopyrimidine and quinoxefen embraced by the genus of the above cited reference with the expectation of obtaining additional beneficial fungicidal mixture. The instant claimed invention would have been suggested to one skilled in the art.

One having ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to select the claimed compounds from the genus in the reference since such mixtures would have been suggested by the reference as a whole. It has been held that a prior art disclosed genus of useful synergistic mixtures is sufficient to render prima facie obvious a species falling within the genus. In re Susi, 440 F.2d 442, 445, 169 USPQ 423, 425 (CCPA 1971), followed by the Federal Circuit in Merck & Co. V. Biocraft Laboratories, 874 F.2d 804, 10 USPQ 2d 1843, 1846 (Fed. Cir. 1989).

In claim 5 compounds 1 and II can be used jointly or separated or in succession, than how the synergism will be maintained.

In the light of the forgoing discussion, the Examiner's ultimate legal conclusion is that the subject matter defined by the instant claims would have obvious to one skilled in the art.

Communication

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Sabiha Qazi, Ph.D. whose telephone number is 571-272-0622. The examiner can normally be reached on any business day.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's acting supervisor, Johann Richter, Ph.D. can be reached on 571-

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272-0646. The fax phone number for the organization where this application

or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information

for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public

PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through

Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see

http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the

Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-

9197 (toll-free).

SABIHA QAZI, PH.D PRIMARY EXAMINER

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